

checks and balances designed to protect the rights of the American people.

This President's abuse of signing statements is all the more dangerous because he has packed the courts with judges willing to defer to him and presidential authority. I have noted that Justice Alito helped develop this device. I could not help but note that Justice Scalia, who is famous for not consulting legislative history, reached out in his dissent in the recent Hamdan decision to reference a recent Presidential signing statement.

These signing statements are a diabolical device but this President will continue to use and abuse them, if the Republican Congress lets him. So far, this Congress has done exactly that. Whether it is torture, warrantless eavesdropping on American citizens, or the unlawful detention of military prisoners, this Republican-led Congress has been willing to turn a blind eye and rubberstamp the questionable actions of this administration, regardless of the consequences to our Constitution or civil liberties.

#### VOTING RIGHTS ACT

Mr. CRAPO. Mr. President, I rise today to express my support for the Voting Rights Act, VRA. Unfortunately a longstanding medical appointment kept me from casting my vote in favor of this legislation last week and I want there to be no question as to my support for the VRA. For over 50 years, the VRA has protected the cornerstone of democracy: the right to vote. Congress enacted the VRA in response to evidence that some States and counties had denied many citizens access to the ballot because of their race, ethnicity, and language-minority status. The creators of this law were convinced, as am I, that a strong America is one that reflects the feelings and opinions of all Americans. That means that everyone has the right to vote.

Provisions of the VRA prohibit election laws that would deny or abridge voting rights based on race, color, or membership in a language minority. The act allows citizens to challenge discriminatory voting practices and procedures and prohibits the use of any test or device as a condition of voter registration. Such provisions seem like common sense today, but they were not always so widely supported. We must recommit today not to return to the mistakes of yesterday. I am pleased that the Senate approved the reauthorization of this critical act. It correctly ensures that every citizen has a stake and a voice in our country's future.

#### INSTABILITY IN SOMALIA

Mr. FEINGOLD. Mr. President, I am deeply troubled by reports in the press that the Islamic courts in Somalia are advancing on the internationally recognized Transitional Federal Government, TFG, and are apparently ignoring recently signed cease-fire agree-

ments. It is imperative that the Islamic courts recognize the TFG as the official governing body of Somalia and that it abide by the cease fire agreed to on June 22, 2006, in Khartoum. The Islamic courts must work in good faith to strengthen the TFG and actively commit to the development of a more inclusive and representative government of Somalia.

For this to happen, the international community, including the United States, needs to be fully engaged. The United States, in particular, must develop a comprehensive strategy for Somalia that utilizes all facets of its power and capabilities and must ramp up its diplomatic efforts throughout the region and the international community to bring this crisis to an end. Unfortunately, it can't do that if it doesn't have the resources or the people in place to deal effectively with the complexity of this problem. The U.S. Government needs to appoint a senior envoy for Somalia to pull together a strategy and to engage full time with international and regional partners in addressing this crisis. It also needs more staff and more resources to work with to help execute this strategy and to contribute to international efforts to bring about lasting peace throughout the region. The administration should work closely with Congress to identify what additional resources are needed for Somalia, given the recent escalation of tension there.

That said, it is important to realize that efforts to both establish long-term peace and to eradicate terrorist networks and safe havens in Somalia are complimentary. The U.S. Government must recognize that long-term stability in Somalia is our best weapon against terrorist networks, extremist organizations, and the conditions that allow them to seek safe haven there. We must look at poverty reduction programs, economic development efforts, support for democratic institutions, anticorruption efforts, and education as the core elements of a new Somalia strategy.

As we learned in Afghanistan, we cannot ignore the conditions that breed extremist and terrorist organizations. Accordingly, it is essential to recognize that any attempt to address instability in Somalia must address a range of root causes or facilitating conditions: a weak and dysfunctional central government, extreme poverty, corruption, conflict, disease, and drought.

It is imperative that the U.S. Government begin playing a leadership role in helping stabilize Somalia and the region and that it do so immediately. We need a comprehensive approach to engaging with regional actors, the international community, and the U.N. to find a permanent solution to this crisis. Such an approach will contribute to stability throughout the Horn of Africa and to our national security.

#### NATIONAL KOREAN WAR VETERANS ARMISTICE DAY

Mrs. CLINTON. Mr. President, on Thursday, July 20, 2006, I introduced S. 3700, which would honor the valiant efforts of our Korean war veterans, who risked their lives fighting against communism on the Korean peninsula. As we honor the 53rd anniversary of the Korean War Armistice, I am proud to reintroduce this legislation recognizing Korean War Armistice Day. The Korean War Veterans Recognition Act of 2006 would include National Korean War Veterans Armistice Day among the days when the American flag should especially be displayed. Earlier this year, Representative SUE KELLY reintroduced similar legislation into the House.

National Korean War Veterans Armistice Day is July 27, which recognizes that negotiators signed an armistice agreement at Panmunjom on July 27, 1953. This led to North Korea's withdrawal across the 38th parallel and allowed the Republic of South Korea to be free from attempts to force communism upon its people.

This year, as we commemorate the 53rd anniversary of the signing of the Korean War Armistice, it is important that we take a moment to reflect upon the sacrifices our men and women of the U.S. Armed Forces have made in brave service to our Nation since its inception. I am pleased to introduce this legislation to respectfully honor and pay tribute to the tremendous courage and sacrifice demonstrated by the men and women who served in the Korean war. As U.S. soldiers continue to fight for freedom around the world, we must remember the sacrifice and valor of their brethren who helped protect and promote American values on the Korean peninsula over a half century ago.

#### CELEBRATE AMERICA CREATIVE WRITING CONTEST

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the five poems, the winner and runner-up entries for the Celebrate America Creative Writing Contest about the contribution of immigrants to America, be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

My Mom "THUY"

(By Jasminh Duc Schelkopf)

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF INDIANA 2006  
NATIONAL CONTEST GRAND PRIZE WINNER

My mother's name is Thuy. She was born in Saigon, South Vietnam. Her father was a 3-star Lieutenant General for the South Vietnam military and her family had almost everything that you could possibly think of before the civil war of Vietnam. However, when they lost their country, they lost everything. After the war, all they had left was their hope and beliefs.

In 1975, North Vietnam won the war. When my mother was only 12 years old (8th Grade), she and her brother and sister were forced to go to Canada. The rest of her family was